

6237

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)

MARCH/APRIL—2021

DEEE - THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - II

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

- Instructions :** (1) Answer **all** questions.
(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

1. Evaluate $\int (3x^2 + 2x + 5) dx$

2. Evaluate $\int \frac{e^{\sin^{-1} x}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3. Evaluate $\int_0^1 (x^2 + 1) dx$

4. Find the area bounded by the curve $y = x^2$ from $x = 2$ to $x = 3$.

5. Find $L\{t^3 - 3t^2 + 2\}$.

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6. Find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s-1)^3}\right]$.
7. Find the value of a_0 , if $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ by Fourier series.
8. Find the differential equation to the family of curves $y = A\cos 2x + B\sin 2x$ where A, B are arbitrary constants.
9. Solve : $x^2 dx + y^2 dy = 0$
10. Solve : $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = 0$

PART—B

10×5=50

- Instructions :** (1) Answer *any five* questions.
(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

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11. (a) Evaluate $\int \cos 4x \cos 2x dx$
- (b) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{5 + 4 \cos x}$
12. (a) Evaluate $\int x^3 e^x dx$
- (b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \tan x dx$

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13. (a) Find the RMS value of $\sqrt{8-4x^2}$ between $x=0$ to $x=2$.
(b) Find the volume generated by the revolution of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ about X-axis between the limits $x=1$ to $x=2$.

14. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using Trapezoidal rule by taking 5 equal parts.
(b) Find $L\{t^3 e^{-3t}\}$

15. (a) Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{3s+13}{(s+1)(s+3)}\right\}$
(b) Find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1+2s+s^2}{s^3} + \frac{s-1}{s^2+4}\right]$

16. Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = x$ in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$.

17. (a) Solve : $(y^2 + 2xy)dx + (2xy + x^2)dy = 0$

(b) Solve : $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2y}{x} = \frac{1}{x^2}$

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18. (a) Solve : $(D^2 - 4D + 5)y = e^{3x}$

(b) Solve : $(D^2 + 9)y = \cos 2x$

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